

Hawai'i Convention Center 1801 Kalākaua Avenue, Honolulu, Hawai'i 96815 **kelepona** tel 808 973 2255 **kelepa'i** fax 808 973 2253

kahua pa'a web hawaiitourismauthority.org

David Y. Ige Governor

George D. Szigeti
President and Chief Executive Officer

Statement of George D. Szigeti

Chief Executive Officer Hawai'i Tourism Authority

on

SB2224 SD1 Relating to Tourism

Senate Committee on Ways and Means Wednesday, February 21, 2018 10:08 a.m. Conference Room 211



Chair Wakai, Vice-Chair Taniguchi and Committee Members:

The Hawai'i Tourism Authority (HTA) offers the following testimony in **opposition to SB2224 SD1**, which would reduce Transient Accommodations Tax (TAT) revenues to the Tourism Special Fund (TSF) by \$30 million, rename and repurpose the Convention Center Enterprise Special Fund, repeal a number of earmarks within the TSF, allocate an unspecified amount of TAT revenues to various State agencies and departments, and define administrative expenses.

Reducing the TSF would hinder HTA's ability to fulfill its statutory duties as outlined in HRS Chapter 201B. In 1998, the Legislature created and designed HTA to operate as a State agency within the tourism industry to market Hawai'i as a visitor destination. HTA's mandate has not changed. If the TSF is reduced, HTA will not be able to fulfill its responsibilities to the State.

Additionally, the proposed definition of administrative expenses that SD1 would add to HRS § 201B-11 would severely hinder HTA's ability to perform its statutory duties and responsibilities and require HTA to eliminate nine staff positions.

Preventing HTA from fulfilling its statutory mandate will harm the State. Every dollar allocated to HTA through the TSF, whether spent marketing Hawai'i as a destination or spent in our communities supporting important programs for residents and visitors, benefits the State's economy. A direct relationship exists between the number of visitors booking nights in transient accommodations and TAT revenues, which are generated by nights spent in transient accommodations. Last year, Hawai'i's visitor industry supported 204,000 jobs and brought \$1.96 billion in tax revenue. Over the past five years, TAT collections grew from \$395.2 million in FY2014 to \$508.38 million in FY2017. Those gains were made in large part because Hawai'i has invested in its brand. Diverting funds from the TSF would prevent the same level of investment in the brand, keep the targeted dollars out of communities and programs and ultimately harm our State.

HTA supports apportioning additional monies to various State departments and agencies from TAT revenues. We agree that additional funds should be allocated to address visitor impacts on our State's infrastructure, natural resources, safety and security and workforce development. We believe that it is critical to maintain the tourism special fund at its current level so that we can continue to support TAT collections to fund other important state initiatives. After existing TAT allocations were made in 2017, \$292.4 million of TAT revenues were returned to the State's general fund. Using a fraction of the increased TAT revenues to address visitor impacts would ensure not only that our State is cared for, but also that its primary economic driver remains intact.

Mahalo for the opportunity to offer this testimony.

EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC DEFENDER

HAWAII EMPLOYER-UNION HEALTH BENEFITS TRUST FUND



STATE OF HAWAII
DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET AND FINANCE

P.O. BOX 150 HONOLULU, HAWAII 96810-0150 LAUREL A. JOHNSTON DIRECTOR

KEN N. KITAMURA DEPUTY DIRECTOR

ADMINISTRATIVE AND RESEARCH OFFICE BUDGET, PROGRAM PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT DIVISION FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION DIVISION OFFICE OF FEDERAL AWARDS MANAGEMENT (OFAM)

## **WRITTEN ONLY**

TESTIMONY BY LAUREL A. JOHNSTON
DIRECTOR, DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
TO THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS
ON
SENATE BILL NO. 2224, S.D. 1

February 21, 2018 10:08 a.m Room 211



## **RELATING TO TOURISM**

Senate Bill No. 2224, S.D. 1: renames the Convention Center Enterprise Special Fund to the Convention Center Operations and Maintenance Special Fund (CCOMSF); repeals the allocation of Transient Accommodations Tax (TAT) revenues to the CCOMSF; amends the allowable uses of the CCOMSF; and redistributes TAT revenues from the Hawaii Tourism Authority (HTA) to different State agencies for certain purposes.

The Department of Budget and Finance (B&F) provided \$348,372,942 of reimbursable General Obligation (G.O.) bond proceeds to fund the construction of the Hawaii Convention Center (CC). The department subsequently entered into a repayment agreement with the CC Authority as the Legislature authorized the use of reimbursable G.O. bonds for the funding of the CC which required the CC Authority, and subsequently the HTA, to reimburse B&F for the debt service paid on the reimbursable G.O. bonds. In 2001, the repayment agreement was restructured with the HTA to lower the annual payment amounts to approximately \$26,400,000 per year and extend the

final payment from 2017 to 2025. In 2011, the repayment agreement was again restructured to address a statutory oversight which extended the final payment to 2027.

To ensure timely payment of our G.O. bond debt service payments, the department requests and budgets for the State's gross G.O. debt service payments, which includes debt service related to reimbursable G.O. bonds. The reimbursement of the debt service paid by departments or agencies, such as the HTA, is then projected and accounted for as non-tax revenues. Current HTA payments average about \$20,000,000 per year, resulting in a \$6,000,000 general fund loss per year, which is accounted for in the General Fund Financial Plan. While the measure does not specifically indicate that the State will be forgiving the debt owed by the HTA to the State, removing authority to use moneys in the CCOMSF for the payment of debt owed by HTA to B&F relating to the CC will result in a \$20,000,000 loss per year in non-tax revenue to the general fund through 2027.

In addition, the department has concerns with any measure that statutorily earmarks general funds for specific purposes as this funding amount cannot be adjusted to respond to economic downturns, will have a negative impact on the general fund, and will jeopardize the Administration's and Legislature's ability to fund other priority programs and services that compete for a limited amount of general funds through the budgeting and appropriation process.

Thank you for your consideration of our comments.